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Evenings at 8. Matines Saturday at 2.
The Phenomenally Successful Melodrama,
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The New Comedy. THE WIFE.
BATURDAY. THE WIFE.

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THIS (Saturday) EVENING, CASTE.
MONDAY (last time) SCHOOL.
TUSEDAY (last time) OASTE.
Wednesday, No. 30. - FORGET.ME.NOT.

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The Hindoo Comic Opera, by the
HEGUM.

EVENING AT 8, MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.

A High-Toned Artist.

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Visitor—I am told that you paint animals.

MADISON SQUARE THEATRE.

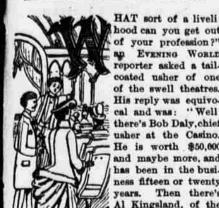
HARRIGAN'S PARK THEATRE.

BLACK

# WHERE USHERS CATCH TIPS.

MONEY-MAKING CHANCES OF THE YOUNG MEN WHO SHOW YOU YOUR SEATS.

With Comic Operas on the Mor Profitable Owing to the Impressionable Heart of Man-A Steady Income to b Made Out of Reserved Seats-Two Old



of your profession?"
an Evening World reporter asked a tailcoated usher of one of the swell theatres. His reply was equivocal and was: "Well there's Bob Daly, chief usher at the Casino. - He is worth \$50,000 and maybe more, and has been in the business fifteen or twenty years. Then there's Al Kingsland, of the Grand Opera-House, s about as well off, and 's been at it most a

There is a little something in the way of tips in the business to depend on, as well as salary, is there not?" was asked.

"Something, of course. For instance There are a number of good reserved seats vacant nearly every night. Even when they are all sold there is somebody who will not come. The man who does everything on the cheap plan has found this out, and discovered come. The man who does everything on the cheap plan has found this out, and discovered a means to get a good reserved seat for half price. He buys an admission ticket, and hangs around until it is reasonably certain that he will not be disturbed if given a reserved seat. Then he will approach the usher with his reward and a silver quarter, and gets what he wants. On standing-room nights there are lots of fellows who would have purchased reserved seat tickets, if all had not been sold, and then the usher sometimes gets more than a quarter of a dollar.

"I remember one such night," The fellow's face clouded as the recollection came to him, but it immediately cleared again. He chuckled and said: "Well, it was a good joke on me any way, and I'll tell it."

"It was a rousing house. Everything was packed and people were standing by the score. I had two good vacant seats on my aisle, and many a longing eye was cast towards them. The first act was nearly done and the holder of those seats hadn't come.

wards them. The first act was nearly done and the holder of those seats hadn't come. A regular swell, with an elegantly dressed lady on his arm, came over to me and asked: Usher, can't you get me those seats in the fourth row?' at the same time slipping

Usher, can't you get me those seats in the fourth row?' at the same time slipping something done up in raper into my hand. I clutched that package, and I couldn't dispose of those seats quick enough. After seating the liberal chap and his lady I returned to take an inventory of stock. It felt like, and I was sure I had, a \$10 gold piece and I called the boys to gaze on it and be envious of my good fortune. I unfolded the paper slowly. I didn't want the glitter of that coin to burst upon me too suddenly, but I wanted to realize my good fortune by degrees.

"Slowly I un'olded the paper and at last discovered the edge of the coin. It looked suspicious; didn't glitter worth a cent, and, in fact, had the dead appearance of well oxidized copper. I hurriedly refolded the paper, but was not quick enough in my movement. The boys had seen it and were tittering. It was a two-cent piece," and again the look of pain passed over the relator's face as he thought of this example of man's perfidy.

"But it's the boys who usher where the comic opears and burlesques are on that get the tips," continued this mine of usher lore. "They deal with the fellows that want to know if a certain fairy, village maiden or what not on the other side of the footlights is named or not and if the usher will be so kind as to get a note to her. Of course the usher what not on the other side of the footlights is named or not and if the usher will be so kind as to get a note to her. Of course the usher will for a consideration, which he gets. The note don't go anywhere but the rounds of the ushers, who have lots of fun at the 'gillie's' expense, but Gilly himself thinks it does, and he wonders why he don't get an answer. The boys have somebody of this kind on a string all the time and they work 'em for all they are worth."

## At the Grave of Beechen

[From the Albany Argus.]
The grave of Henry Ward Beecher in Greenwood Cemetery is now ready to become an object of interest in that famous burying-ground. It is at the top of what is known as Ocean Hill. It is at mound of earth. The situation commands a mag-nificent view of nearly all of New York harbor, mound of earth. The situation commands a magnificent view of nearly all of New York harbor, both the upper and lower bays. Standing at the mound one can look across the Narrows to the hill on Staten Island on the summit of which the Vanderbilt mausoleum is situated. The Staten Island tomb cost, exclusive of land, something like \$300,000. The Beecher grave may have cost as much as ten dollars to dig and fill it in. It is surrounded on every side by the most expensive monments, the head-shores all elaborately dressed and made to look as beautiful and offerful as the memorials of the dead possibly can. It is pecularly suggestive to find that the ornate monuments aurrounding Mr. Beecher's grave are those of men whose names were never brought to public attention except at the bottom of advertisements. There is, for Instance, a monument of a certain soda-water manufacturer which is as ostentatious is his advertisements in the newspapers during his litetime were glaring.

In this respect Mr. Beecher's grave is remarkably similar to the graves of almost all great men.

Queer Love This.

[From Harper's Baser.] Ethel—Mamma, I am writing to Nellie Lee; shall I say anything for you?

Mamma—Writing to that contemptible person again? Yes, give her my love. How I detest that girl, to be sure!

In Three Days.

Measure, W. B. Rixen & Son.
GENTS: I have been suffering very much from a flavance cold and cough. I was unable to sleep at night and was just about unfitted for business. I write to tell you that in Teners days your Expectormant has entirely circle me, as also my little boy Harry, who was suffering with a similar trouble. One bottle was nearly used between us.

Yours gratefully, MATTHEW SCHWEIDER, 390 6th ave. \*,\* THE BEAUTIFUL FIEND.

WHAT STRAMBOATS DO IN WINTER. Some Gå South with Their Crows and the

It's a great mystery to some folks what becomes of all the steamboatmen during the winter months," said a harbor pilot, to a World reporter yesterday. "The question has been asked me hundreds of times, and I have set myself to find out.

"I learned that fully one-half of them go

"I learned that fully one-half of them go South, while the remainder hang around New York City, laying for drinks, or seek employment along the docks. But the most of them, as I said before, go South, and, strange to say, they go on vessels which leave this harbor, these vessels being employed during the winter months in the South. They go to Jacksonville, Fla., and thence to the St. John's River. These excursions are largely patronized by the Northern visitors to the South, and the vessels are those which do quite a large excursion business in these waters during the summer here."

"What vessels are they?" was asked.

"They are the Sylvan Glen, the Sylvester, the Hancock, Fred De Bary, and many of the others of the smaller excursion boats," he replied. "The bigger ones go out of commission and are laid up during the winter. The Iron Steamboat Company's seven boats, four of which go to Coney Island, two on various excursion trips and the other to Long Branch, are all docked at their berth at Gowanus. Just to show you what a number of men are thrown out of employment by the storage of those boats alone, I want to tell you that each one of the boats employs during the excursion season a captain, wheelman, pilot, two engineers, three firemen, a

storage of those boats alone, I want to tell you that each one of the boats employs during the excursion season a captain, wheelman, pilot, two engineers, three firemen, a mate, four deckhands, one cook, one waiter, one chambermaid and a bartender. There are seventeen men, you see, which for the seven boats forms a complement of 119 of the company's employees. All of these are thrown out of work and a few watchmen are engaged to care for the boats during the cold spell. When this is so with the Iron Steamboat Company's boats alone, you can imagine what the figure must reach when so many excursion boats go out of commission in these waters. A good many of the boatmen live up the river where they have homes, and what money they save during the summer season suffices to keep them until spring opens navigation and they reengage for the summer excursion season.

"Most of the pilots employed by Starin work at one-half pay during the winter season. They get \$100 a month during the summer. They act as watchmen during the winter months, and care for the boats as well. Should they be called out to do any piloting work they get their regular pay as long as they do their regular work. but the choice of all these boatmen is to go South when the summer traffic opens there, and it is a soft snap for them. Still a steamboatman's lot is not altogether a happy one."

The Redingete Evoluted by a Long-Suffer ing, Modiste for a Lady With Ideas. One of the younger ladies of the Lorillard family is said to be the fussiest woman in

with reference to her figure as well as her complexion and gives the matter deliberate reflection. She takes from two to three hours for a fitting and requires every model of drapery and cut of corsage to be shown to her before she will decide upon one for herself. She is the despair of her dressmaker, the death of her milliner and an object of hatred and envy and all uncharitableness to the other women

her milliner and an object of hatred and envy and all uncharitableness to the other women who are sitting around and waiting for their time to come while she occupies the fitting. room and monopolizes the fitter.

She has faultiess taste, and cherishes views of her own on the subject of feminine attire, and she will not bestow her very profitable patronage upon any modiste, however celebrated, who will not submit to be guided by her individual taste.

On the other hand, it is said that there are some independent Grand Moguls of the great Millinery World of New York who cannot be prevailed upon to take an order from this charming, wealthy, but difficile woman. Mrs. Lorillard is a brunette, with a striking face and an extremely graceful carriage. Her figure is slender but rounded, and she is ever bent upon finding some "effect" which will emphasize this latter quality, and has led her long-suffering modiste a dance this fall after a becoming order of redingote. The result is a charming affair of heliotrope cloth, richly bordered with bands of sable. The half-loose front, is gathered in at the waist with a heavy clasp, and relieved by a touch of dull gold passementerie.

present nothing more than a simple unmarked fair creatures "is allowed at all hours into the jailer's house, where she plays the jailer's piano late at night and keeps the warders awake." In another prison, at Townsville, one hard-shoor gentleman has learned to play chess, and has worried through 700 games in three months, but he speaks very unfavorably of the officials, who actually refused to allow him to go to Adelaide to take part in the chess tournament, although he was willing to pleage his word that he would return some time, or pehaps a little later. Jail life in Queensland, according to the recent commission, appears to be rather a rosy existence—if you get into the proper sort of jail. The Commission's stories almost remind one of the safte of affairs at Darlinghurst Prison forty years ago, when troopers who had to escort good-looking women from Sydney to Parramatto took three weeks in travelling fourteen miles. faller's house, where she plays the jailer's piano

Anxious About the Menagerie

wottonal stitlude, "if it wasn't for one thing I don't b'lieve I'd say any prayers to-night."
"What is it, Bobby?"
"I wouldn't like to go to bed without asking God to take care of my rabbits."

Well Supplied.

AMONG THE SILK WEAVERS

WOMEN AND GIRLS WHO WORK LONG HOURS FOR SMALL WAGES.

There are 2,700 of Them in This City and Their Wages Average \$5.50 a Week-Widows Who Support Families on That Income-Where They Live and What They Live On-Simple Amusements.



ANY of the silks and satins which form part of pretty dresses or adorn artistic bonnets are produced in poverty and amid a good deal of wretchedness. While their more

fortunate sisters are enjoying in this manner the products of the loom, 2,700 'hands" in this city are working twelve hours a day, with few pleasures thrown in, producing the fabrics.

manufactories in this city employing 2,700 hands. The hands range in age from eleven years to forty. One factory alone employs 300 hands. Most of the girls are between fifteen and eighteen years of age. They work from 6.30 a. m. until 6 p. m., a half hour

being allowed for dinner.

Many of the girls are orphans or dependent on thamselves for support, and live in rooms in the tenement-houses in the immediate vicinity of the factories. While a majority live at home, a large number rent a room or two in some six-story tenement, and do their own housekeeping. In that way they live very cheaply and at the same time very poorly. Four or five girls sometimes hire two or three rooms and each assumes a

very poorly. Four or five girls sometimes a proportionate share of the expense, and of the housework.

The average wages is \$5.50 a week, and with that small sum a girl must dress and maintain herself as best she can.

In one factory are fourteen or fifteen widows who live on \$5.50 a week, and even manage to care for two or three small children. Some of these children are also put at work in the factory and earn from \$1 to \$\$s a week.

The rooms occupied by these patient workers are not of the best by any means. They are generally located on the top floor of a six-story tenement. The food they eat is of the plainest and not at all substantial. For breakfast, as a rule, they have but coffee and rolls; the noonday lunch is varied with an apple a pickle and two cents' worth of milk. Boiled rice, a cup of tea and perhaps cake or ginger-bread make up the supper bill of fare. The Sunday dinner is generally a little more expensive and substantial, boiled corned beef or pig's head, cabbage and potatoes being added to the menu.

The silk weavers like other female workers

dded to the menu.

The silk weavers, like other female workers The silk weavers, like other female workers in this pent-up city, naturally seek amusements and never lose an opportunity of going to a theatrs or concert. They are regular attendants at the balls of the labor and social clubs. The cheaper houses of amusement are patronized largely by working people, and many of the girls and women in the audiences come from the workshops and factories.

audiences come from the workshops and factories.

Once in a while a small party will assemble in the scantily furnished rooms of some poor worker, and a banjo, accordion or harmonica player will entertain the guests or furnish music for dancing.

Most of the silk weavers have been in the public schools, and a few are good readers and writers, the majority being passably fair in those branches. Many more can scarcely write their names or cannot write at all. Those who are the best informed obtain their knowledge from the daily newspapers, and nearly all are close readers of the cheap library books and the family story papers.

The living rooms of these poor girls are, as a general thing, badly ventilated, and the occupants are by no means strong and healthy. Quite recently many of the factories were devoid of proper ventilation and necessary conveniences, but the efforts of Factory Inspector McKay have brought about a better condition of things in these respects.

The silk industry is a profitable one to the proprietors, but is very unprofitable to the toilers who are engaged in it.

Silver-Pinting Dead Bedies.

Some two years ago a plan was openly sugcement, thus forming them into blocks, which, when duly hardened, would serve to construct breakwaters or forts, or any other building of large dimensions. This plan did not receive pub-

breakwaters or forts, or any other building of large dimensions. This plan did not receive public encouragement, however, and has not been heard of since. But now a German doctor has discovered a way of electro-plating our deceased friends and relatives, thus forming them into what are virtually silver-plated munmines. The corpse having been duly prepared has first to be sprinkled with plumbago and then suspended in the electro-plating solution in the usual way, the precipitation being caused by electricity.

It is possible. I hear, to cover a dead body with such a very thin film of sliver as to leave the expression of the face unaffected so far as its expressiveness goes, or the deposit can be increased at will until a corpse is turned into what is virtually a sliver-plated statue. Experiments have actually be ne made in this direction, and the feasibility of the plan demonstrated clearly; so that it is quite possible that in ages to come the rich parvenn, instead of buying a set of painted ancestors in Wardour street, will be able to provide himself with a choice and costly selection of electro-plated 'fore-bears'' for his ancestral halls. But there is one evident objection to to this notion of electro-plating our dead, viz., that corpses would then be turned into portable property, which would nevitably tempt the burgiar. In fact, it would end in one having to send one's ancestors to one's bankers for safe custody along with the plate and the jewel case.

[From the Burlington Free Press.]
Travis—Do you belong to any society? Ponsonby-Certainly; I am a member of the Helping Hand Society.

Travis—Indeed!

Ponsonby—Yes; there is no waiter at our boarding-house.

SOCIETY LADIES BLACK-BALLED. ers of a Westan's Club Who are Best

[From Tenowine's (Milwankee) News, 2 The Woman's Club of Wisconsin has a large men ership of the leading society ladies of Milwaukee The objects of the club are to bring together thos interested in the intellectual culture and improve-ment of women. The meetings of the club are or each year and the attendance is generally quite large. The Athenseum Association is an outgrowth of the Woman's Club. It is an association for ladies who are memoers of the club, organized for the purpose of erecting a building, which is now nearly completed. The members of the Athenseum Association issued stock for the purpose and liberally subscribed for it, and the result is a very handsome structure, which will be the permanent name of the Woman's Club. Quite a sensation has been caused in society circles by the determined effort of certain members of the Woman's Club cape out many of the leading lades of the city.

At recent meetings the names of a baif dozen ladies of social prominence and wealth have been black-balled, and in consequence the ladies of the cub who have its best interests at heart are greatly chagrined and mortified. The constitution of the club provides that each m moer of one year's standing may annually propose in writing to the each year and the attendance is generally quite

chagrined and mortified. The constitution of the club provides that each in moer of one year's standing may annually propose in writing to the Board of Directors the name of one candidate for membership. If approved the board presents the name to the club. The election is then by ballot at the ensuing meeting, and the candidate is elected unless 'free black balls are cast against her. A candidate failing of election cannot be proposed again for a year.

The recent black-balling has caused great excitement and indignation, and it is highly probable that an effort will be made at the next quarterly meeting in December to change the constitution on this point, and to put the elective power in the hands of the Board of Directors. It is claimed that many prominent ladies refuse to allow the proposal of their names for membership, fearing that they will meet the fate of those mentioned. No cause can be assigned for the recent black-balling other than the fact that there is a small clique among the members who are determined to avenge some fancied social slight or to wreck the organization. The trouble began many months ago, but recently developments have caused renewed interest in the matter.

GIRLS DON'T WANT TO BE GOVERNESSES. merican Mammas Do Not Treat Them We Nor Pay Them Well.

[From Harper's Basar.] What is to be the future of the governess ! America? She will never, as in England, belong o a permanent class, because there are no permi tandard; that is, permanence of social position

nent classes in this country, tried by the English a family is here the exception and there the rule, Moreover, the greater prevalence of city and town life in the well-to-do-classes, and the greater popularity of schools as compared with home train-

life in the well-to-do-classes, and the greater popularity of schools as compared with home training, give an enormous outlet for those of our young people who wish to teach, so that educated girls are not obliged, as in England, to look to the position of governess as their math resource.

The vast in rease in the number of young women employed as clerks, bookkeepers, typewriters, &c., depletes still further the ranks of applicants. Any yet, despite all this, the increase of numbers and wealth introduces more and more governesses into families. Sometimes they are especially needed through illness of the parent, sometimes because of country life, sometimes by reason of some peculiarity in the pupil, and often as a mere bit of social ambition. Our more democratic way of living makes their position in some ways more agreeable here than elsewhere, but also in some ways marter; if they are less sharply discriminated from the family, they are also less discriminated from the household servants; and, on the whole, their status is at present rather anomalous and ill-defined.

I knew of a governess in a New York family who lived absolutely alone in her rooms, except for the society of the children. She had all her meals sent to her and never entered the drawing-room unless called for. On the other hand, she was no more allowed to go below her position than to step above it, and her employer once reproved her quite severely for putting on a child's overshoes, saying that this was the nurse's business and she should have been summoned to do it. There is something almost inhuman in this cast-iron etiquette, but it must be remembered that it has its uses like all

almost inhuman in this cast-iron etiquette, but it must be remembered that it has its uses like all must be remembered that it has its uses like all rigid custom. If it represses the victim it also defends her and saves her from that Jealousy on the part of cooks and chambermaids which is the worst annoyance of the American governess at the present stage of the institution.

It is a curious fact that instead of rising steadily, like the wages of the kitchen, the compensation of the American governess has probably been reduced within the last twenty or thirty years.

[London Dispatch to a Paris Paper.]
Credulity has not often been exemplified mor funity than in a case which has just come off in a police court here. The keeper of a public house old a long story of how a customer came into his beside his master and asking in a strange voice for "a plece of meat" for himself. The other cus-tomer, astounded at hearing a dog talk, recom-meaded Boniface to buy the animal, and to re-christen the place "The Talking Dog." The com-plainant took the advice, and offered 400f for the dog, who, on hearing the bargain, cried out to his master.

So you sell me, do you? Then I shall not talk any more!"
The animal kept its word, and Boniface could not get another sylable out of him. At last it dawned upon him that he had been mase a fool of, and harpening to meet the vendor in the garb of an acrobat at a fair, he gave him in custody. When the "Poor Player" was brought up he confeased that he was a ventriloquist, but protested that he did not offer to sell his dog. On the confrary, the landord insisted on buying it, and, without any incitement to do so, went up quickly in his bids from 200f to 400f, throwing in the refreshment which had been given to man and beast. The case was dismissed.

The Romancing Fisherman.

[From the Norwick Bulletin.]
No camp-meeting can be successfully held in the neighborhood of good fishing, according to the testimony of a venerable Methodist Bishop; and yet, if there is any class of liars that especially need the converting influence of the Gospei it is the class that catches a fish so long

and tells the neighbor that it is so long

A King Deposed Owing to a Drunken Saller Broken None. [From the London News.]

It appears that the revolution which the German Commodore, Capt. Heusner, has flected at Samoa originated in a drunken quarre witch tok place originated in a drunken quarrei witch to k place on the ninetieth birthday of the Enperor William. A number of German sallors, who went ashore at Apa on that day were a content with drinking the health of the Empe...r themselves, but insisted on the natives sharin, their festivities. Some disorder ensued, in the course of which a German subject had his nose broken. Unfortunately Kinz Malleton's magistrates were unable to fix the responsibility of the damaged nose upon the guilty party. The Commodore took a serious

# ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

INSTANTLY RELIEVED AND PERMA-NENTLY CURED BY CUTICURA.

TRRATMENT.—A warm bath with CUTICURA BOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA, the great kin Cure. This repeated daily with two or three doses f CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, to sep the blood cool, the perspiration pure and unitristing, the bowsis open, the liver and kidneys active, will peedily ours Resena, Totter, Ringeorm, Pacrissis, chem, Prurius, Scall-Head, Dandruff, and every peedes of itching, Scaly and Pimply Humors of the Scalp and Skin, when all other remedies fail.

ECZEMA ON A CHILD.

Your most valuable CUTICURA REMEDIES have done my shild so much good that I feel like saying this for the benefit of those who are troubled with skin diseases. My little girl was troubled with Kezema, and I tried several doctors and me tennes, but did not do her any good until I used the CUTICURA HEMERIES, which speedily outed her, for which I owe you many thanks and many nights of ress.

I was almost perfectly baid, caused by Tetter of the op of the scalp. I psed your CUTICURA REMEINIBOUT SILES AND A STATE OF THE STATE O

TETTER OF THE SCALP.

COVERED WITH BLOTCHES. I want to tell you that your CUTICURA RESOLVENT is magnificent. About three months ago my face was covered with Blotches, and after using three bottles of RESOLVENT I was perfectly cured. FREDERICK MAITER. 28 St. CHARLES St., NEW ORLEANS, La.

OF PRICELESS VALUE. I cannot speak in too high terms of your CUTICURA, is worth its weight in pure gold for skin diseases. I salieve it has no equal.

W. W. NORTHRUP, 1015 HARNEY ST., OMAHA.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50a.; 80aF, 25a.; RESOLVENT, Sl. Prepared by the POTTER DEUG AND DISCHARGE CO., Boston. Mass. EF Send for "How to Cure Skin Discharge," 64 pages, 0 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PLES, black-heads, chapped and oily skin pre WEAK, PAINFUL BACKS, Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses, relieved in one minute by the Cut leura Anti-Pain Pin ter, the first and onlypain killing plater. New, instantaneous, infallible. 28

view of this failure of justice and demanded that a thousand dollars should be paid as compensation to the owner of the injured member. Other claims were then brought forward, and Malleton procraswere then brought forward, and Malietoa procras-tinating—as savage chiefs are apt to do—war was declared against him, and his rival, Tamesese, was made king in his piace. It remains to be seen whether the German Government will approve of Capt. Heusner's high-handed proceedings, and whether Prince Bismarck has any sense of humor. We hope the International Commission at Wash-ington which is to settle the affairs of Samos will succeed in their object and give to those islands a tranquility which they have not enjoyed for many years past.

Rough on Hydekoper.

Time 9. 80 P. M. "Hello, Central! Give me 1739, please." " Hello! Is that Mr. Hydekoper's house? Is

Mr. Hydekoper at nome?"

"No, sir; you will find my husband at his office, sir, posting his books."

"Well, I was just there a minute ago and couldn't fine him; I didn't know but that he had reached home by this time."

Four hours later Mr. Hydekoper tries to explain his absence, but it isn't a brilliant success.

Not Used to " Bawston." [Prom Harper's Baser.]
Aunt Lena (of Balem)—Have you not had a de-

lightful time, Flossy? Flossy (from the West, yawning)—Oh, awful, annty—bored to death by Dr. Flyman; then frughtened to death by Prof. Sallivan in a discussion on the respective merits of the Greek pugillarit.

Aunt Lens.—Why, my dear, I am amazed. Do you know that you are in the most cultured society in Bawston?

No Time To Lose. [From the Europe City Journal.]
Young Kansas City matron to her sister just arrived from New England;

'Now, Edith, you understand what you are here Miss Edith (promptly)—Oh, yes, and mamma told me I must be sure to find some one the first season, for Bessie is to come next year. Are all the young men reported in Bradstreet's?

Answers to Correspondents.

A. E. -A copy of Hoyle will cost you 58 cents. J. B. C.—A person must be crippled, worn out runft for work before he can gain admission to be Sailors' Snug Harbor.

1. H.—Over the inside course the Volunteer beat the Thistle by 19m. 28%s. Over the outside course the Volunteer beat the Thistle by 11m. 49%s. The Thistle draws 14 feet of water and the Volunteer

P. L.—According to the census of 1890, the population of the United States 50, 155, 783. The native-born number 43, 475, 080; the foreign born, 6, 679, 943, which makes the foreign element a little over 15 per cent.

Is per cent.

P.—"Has Dr. McGiynn cause for an action for damages against the Archbishop in publishing the buil of excommunication against him? Has he cause for action against the newspapers that published it?" He has ample cause for actions against both, if he will bring them; but he mey not win his suit. Action for criminal libel will not its unless malice can be proven, or unless it cannot be proven by the defense that the statements were known or believed to be true. The built is not "privileged" communication.

# SEE THE

# SUNDAY WORLD

### A FEW OF THE BRIGHT FEATURES:

Bonner's Stables and Horses.

In a Paper-Box Factory.

Nellie Bly's Experience as an Amateur Factory Girl. Mrs. Cleveland's Favorite Recipe for Making Brown

Julian Hawthorne on Athletic Training and How Wilkle Collins Writes Novels.

Some of the Tall Men of Gotham and Where Our Anarchists Live.

A DOLLAR DINNER FOR FOUR.

Contributed Daily to "The World" by One of the Best Known City Chefs. At to-day's market prices the material for this

inner can be purchased for \$1. Fish. ROAST.
Pork Appliesnce.
Baked Sweet Potatoca. Celery. DESSERT.
Sago Pudding.
Bananas.
Coffee. Daintles of the Market.

Prime rib roast, 15c. to 20c.
Porterhouse steak, 22c. to White fish, 15c.
25c.
Sirion steak, 15c. to 20c.
Lag mutton, 14c. to 16c.
Spring Lace hope, 25c.
Lag mutton, 14c. to 16c.
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Lag mutton, 14c. to 16c.
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Lag mutton, 14c. to 16c.
Lamb hinder terrs, 12c. to 00c.
Pork Tanderloin, 18c.
Roasting pig. 33.50 seach,
Roasting turkers, 14c. to 20c.
Squabs, 43.50 to 34 due.
Boston dacks, 16c. to 20c.
Crimary ducks, 19c. to 15c.
Canvasabacks, 45 pair.
Canons, 25c. 15c.
Lattle-neck classs, 40c. to 16c.
Canvasabacks, 45 pair.
Redback, 42 pair.
Mailards, 41 pair.
Mailards, 42 pair.
Mailards, 42 pair.
Capons, 25c. 1b.
Quail, 38 doz.
Regliab snipe, 22.50 doz. e, 82.50 dos. \$1.50 dos. tita, 25c. apisce. son, 20c. to 25c. tocok, \$1.50 pair, a cod tongues, 12c. lb. t mackerel, 18c. to 20c. tass, 15c. l 8c. to 20c. tass, 15c. l 8c. to 20c. tass, 15c. to 20c. lb. Halagas, 15c. to 20c. lb. Halagas, 15c. to 20c. lb. King Apples, 55c. dos. Ledy Apples, 25c. quark.

The following witty reply was made by a prisone

in the Correctional Court will a Seine yeaterday. The Judge informed him that
having been taken in the act of stealing a
valuable rug from a furrier's shop, there
could be little doubt that he was the thef who had
already on several occasions robbed their establishment lately. "Mais que voulez vous," coolly rereplied the prisoner. "I have been out of health
for the past week or two, and my doctor has ordered me to take something warm every moraning
the first thing."

Different Outs.

[From Harper's Basar.] Gribbles-Why, how doleful you look! Been paying election bets? Dibble-No, it ain't that that worries me; but

Miss Bullion, whom I thought I was as Miss Buillion, whom I thought I was as good as engaged to, now seems to be always out when I go to take her anywhere.

Gribbles—Indeed. Well, do you know, my case is just the opposite. When my flancée wants me to go anywhere I'm the one that's always out. (Then he looked represchfully at the sign of an oyster saloon they were just passing.)

It is Still With Us.

The deadly car stove is again a burning issue. It

# **Chronic Catarrh**

Cannot be cured by local application. It is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like
Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, working lithrough the blood,
eradicates the impurity which causes and promotes the
disease, and soon effects a permanent cure. As the same
time Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system, and
makes you feel renewed in strength and health.

"I suffered severely from chronic catarrh, arising from
impure blood. It became vury bad, causing soreness of
the bronchial tubes and a troublesome cough, which gave
great anxiety to my friends and myself, as two brothers
died from bronchial consumption. I tried many medisines, but received no benefit. I was at last induced to
try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I am not the same man in

time Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the whole system, amust makes you feel renewed in strength and health.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for catarrh and it has done me a great deal of good. I recommend it to all within my reach." LUTHER D. ROBBIES, East Thompson Coun.

Coun.

C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass., 100 DONES ONE DOLLAR

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 DONES ONE DOLLAR 100 DONES ONE DOLLAR 100 DONES ONE DOLLAR

Artist—Yes.

'You paint dogs, for instance?"

'Yes, but only those belonging to the citte." of Belle's silence, I almost cried with joy. It



have made too deep an impression upon your beart. Ishall always love you as a sister. Belle knows nothing of this, and I beg you not to enlighten her, for I love her too deeply to see her suffer a single pang. Yours truly, HAROLD PAINE.

When Annie arrived at Ward House she met Harold as if nothing had happened; and it the wedding, which shortly occurred, she

she showed no sign of disappointment. No from you. I was called away to Nottingham,

she showed no sign of disappointment. No one knew what was in her heart.

Years of happiness to Belle and Harold followed. Juring which Annothed with them. One of the control of the cont

# NNIE and Belle Ward were the daughters of a wealthy merchant who died when they were respectively

were respectively twenty and eighteen years of age. Their mother having previously died, the girls were left alone, but with wealth sufficient to surround themselves with every luxury. Both were the admired of the society in which they moved.

It is difficult to say whether Annie could

HELIOTROPE WITH BANDS OF SABLE.

New York about her clothes. She chooses the materials of her costumes

There are Jolly Prisons in Australia. There is a jail in Queensland where the lady

[From Texas Stylings.]
"Now, Bobby," said his mother, "you are tired and sleepy. So say your prayers and jump "Ma," remarked Bobby, as he assumed the de-votional attitude, "if it wasn't for one thing I don't

[From the Oil City Blazard.]
Mailing Clerk—You'll have to order some paper for wrappers. We are almost entirely out. Publisher—Order nothing; don't you know the Concressional Record is about to resume publica-tion?

To one and all we say use ADAMSON'S BOTANIO COUGH BALSAM. Best druggists, 19c. ...

hue, flowing loose over her shoulders and floating below her waist, imparting intense piquancy to the character of her somewhat irregular but remarkably pretty face.

Pride and a little reserve were rather the predominant style of Annie, the elder and dark-eyed sister; merriment, fun, and rather noisy flirtation were that of Belle, who permitted herself to laugh at times when her sister would barely have smiled, and to say things on which the other would never have yentured.

twenty and eighteen years of age. Their mother having previously died, the girls were left alone, but with wealth sufficient to surround themselves with every luxury. Both were the admired of the society in which they moved.

It is difficult to say whether Annie could be pronounced a brunette or a blonde, her akin was so exquisitely fair; while her splendid hair was a shade of the deepest brown, and her glorious, sparkling eyes were of the darkest violet blue. Their normal expression was quiet and subdued; they only flashed up at times, and she was a girl that somehow every color became. In pure white whe might have thought her lovely, and lovelier still, perhaps, in black, or blue, or rose, or any other tint or shade.

Bister would barely have smiled, and to say things on which the other would never have twentured.

Soon after their father's death they made the tour of the Continent under the guidance of some elderly relatives; and it was abroad that they met the man who was destined to so deeply influence their future—Harold Paine. He was a young gentleman of leisure, also returning from a continents pleasure trip. While stopping at Maurice's Hotel in Paris he was much in the society of the Misses Ward; and so well pleased were they with each other's society that, after their rerival in England, he became a frequent and welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that they met the man who was a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young ladies. It naturally followed that people voted him a welcome visitor to the young l

was a very maze of rooms and passages, full of ghostly corners, which daylight seemed to shun, old nooks cropping up perpetually in unexpected places to the stranger, re-cesses with narrow strips of window in the wall.

Soon Harold Paine visited the same water-Soon Harold Paine visited the same watering-place, and was warmly welcomed by
Annie and Belle. One day he wandered over
the hills with Annie; and when they came
to a brook they sat down together on a bank.
The position in which the pair was placed,
the romantic surroundings, everything conspired to bring about a certain result. When
they started for home, an hour later, Harold
had told Annie that he loved her. Was it
true? He thought so at the time, and
there was no question of her fervent love for
him.

there was no question of her fervent love for him.

The next day Annie received a letter informing her that a very dear young friend and former schoolmate was on her death-bed, and that her presence was much desired. The summons admitted of no neglect or delay, and Annie, attended by her maid, started for Nottingham, where her dying friend resided. Death did not take the sick one, however, until two months later; and during that time Annie remained at her side. Just before her return to Ward House, she received the following letter: return to Ward House, she received the fol-lowing letter:

DRAB ANNIS: I scarcely know how to tell what I wish to tell you; but I ask your forgiveness in advance. Two months ago I told you that I loved you, and I thought I was speaking the truth. But since that time I have discovered my mistake, Your sister Belle has indeed won my heart, and we are to be married as soon as the necessary arrange-ments can be made. Again I sak you to forgive the wrong I have done you, and I hope that the lightly apoken words of love between us may not

"YES, I HAVE MY REVENGE NOW."